

Supported Living for People With Complex Needs

Welcome



Richard Clark

Current

Head of Operations, North West & Wales

Formerly

Co Founder & Director – Supported Homes

Previous Roles

- Senior Community Nurse With AOT
- Ward Manager Medium Secure

What is Supported Living



- History (CPA) Introduced in 1991 to move people from institutions.
- Responsible case manager or care coordinator and multidisciplinary involvement.
- Used to support service users with Learning Disability.
- Bridges the gap between care homes and domiciliary care.
- Care homes often viewed as long-term placements, service users disempowered & de-skilled, personal choice can be limited.
- Domiciliary Care in own home is ultimate goal of most individuals; supported living often enables people to move to further independence involving domiciliary care.

How does Supported Living work?



- Care company will not own the premises/accommodation
- The care company will use the accommodation as part of a funding agreement or contract
- The care company will work with a Registered Social Landlord (RSL or housing association).
- The RSL will sub-let the accommodation from the landlord.
- The service user has more choice for multi-agency working.
- The service user has tenancy rights.

Referral Process For Supported Living



Assessment of need

MDT discussion

Individual visits the proposed placement

Care coordinator meets with commissioners

Funding agreed

Develop care plan

Transition visits

Move in date set



What does Supported Living mean to me? (Service user/tenant)



- Short-hold assured tenancy to your room or flat.
 - The advantage of this is to achieve successful community living with a social landlord to access independent accommodation in the future.
- Accommodation will usually be in a group setting with support staff on site.
- Accommodation should be safe to protect the vulnerable.

What does Supported Living mean to me? (Service user/tenant)



- Care and support can be flexed up or down to suit the needs of the user.
- More choice with who provides your support
 - Multi-agency approach.
- Supported living services are usually 24-hr staffed,
 9-5 with telephone out of hours support or bespoke care and treatment plans (1:1 tenancies).

What does Supported Living mean to me? (Service user/tenant)



Support should prepare people for further independence...

- paying bills
- using public transportation
- developing personal and hygiene skills
- developing social skills
- realistic budgeting
- accessing community resources including educational and employment agencies

Who is Supported Living for?



- Adults stepping down from hospital.
- Adults who have remained in hospital and who are not ready to live totally independently.
- Adults who prefer to live in a group service and benefit from a sense of community and peer support.
- Leaving care (CAMMS). Younger adults who are moving from children's services.

Who is Supported Living for?



- Older adults who do not require a nursing home.
- Adults who have been in long term continuing care services.
- Adults who need support with enhancing their community living skills, social skills, developing coping techniques for their symptoms, learning new skills to prepare for maximising independence, whilst in a supported environment.

The list goes on...

Managing Risk



- Risk assessment tools from (HCR20- historical risk management document).
- Pre-discharge planning, placement assessment, periods of leave before fully moving in. Sec17 leave, CTO, DoLS, Safeguarding.
- Clearly documented treatment and care plans (agreed by service user, care coordinator, service manager, and key-working).
- MDT risk management plans.

Managing Risk

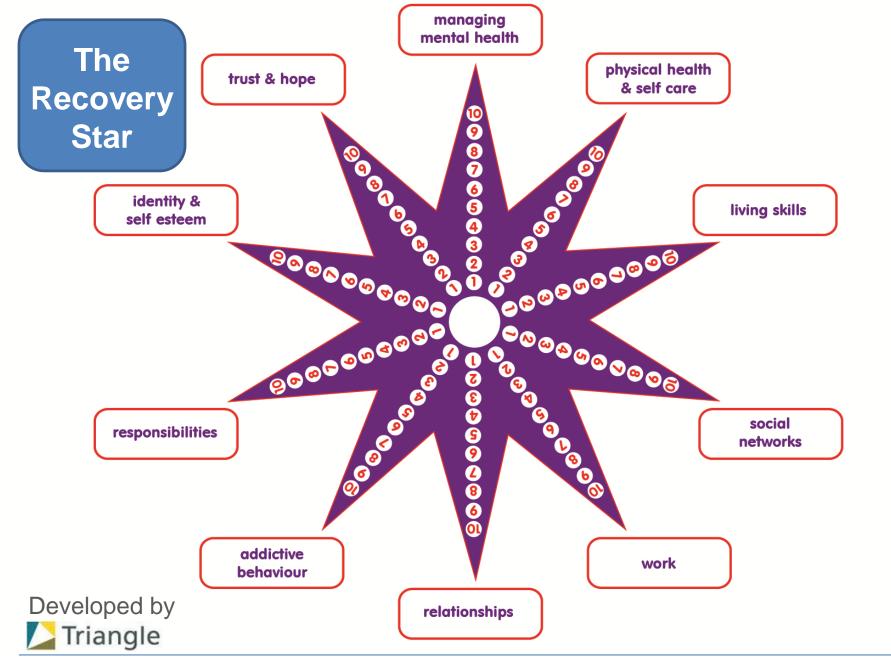


- Structured support
- Collaborative multi-agency working. (Police, crisis team, family and friends, CMHT etc)
- Information sharing MAPPA
- Internal information sharing, monthly staff meetings for staff to discuss concerns, care plans and consistency
- Well-trained, motivated workforce

Outcome Measures



- Need to be user friendly.
- Easy to interpret by service users, key-workers, care coordinators and commissioners.
- Need to focus on all areas of the individuals needs.
- Need to be measurable.
- Need to identify areas of strengths and weaknesses.
- Needs to form the basis of the care plan
- We use Recovery Star.



Quality



- CQC, local authority, family.
- Regularly reviewed policies and procedures discussed in each team meeting and supervision.
- Monthly supervision, ensuring appraisals are completed on time.
- Bespoke training (by an organisation that knows the people you are providing services to).
- Satisfaction surveys for service users and staff and relatives.

Quality



- ISO 9001. Provides a template for consistency and auditable good practice. Flow-charts and clear definitive responsibilities.
- Investors in People.
- National awards to recognise areas of excellence.
- Newsletters for SU's, staff and commissioning teams
- Solid staff structure, well trained, consistent, flexible and dedicated.
- Well led as opposed to 'managed'

Sharing Experiences



Keri-Louise talks about her experience of supported living

Thank you for Listening



Richard Clark

Richard.clark@edenfutures.org

07817 430 169

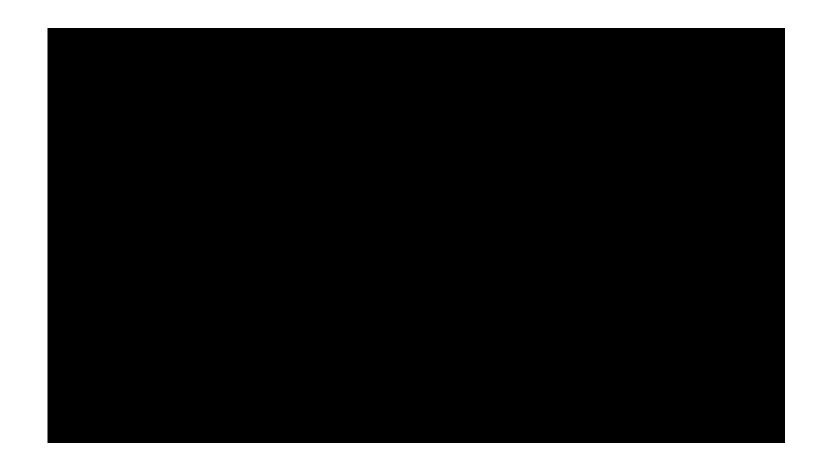








Eden Supported Living | Supported Homes | HASS | Essential Futures | Inclusion Care | Assisted Living South West | Assisted Living Solutions



Contact us 0161 676 054 info@edenfutures.org





Find us online





www.edenfutures.org